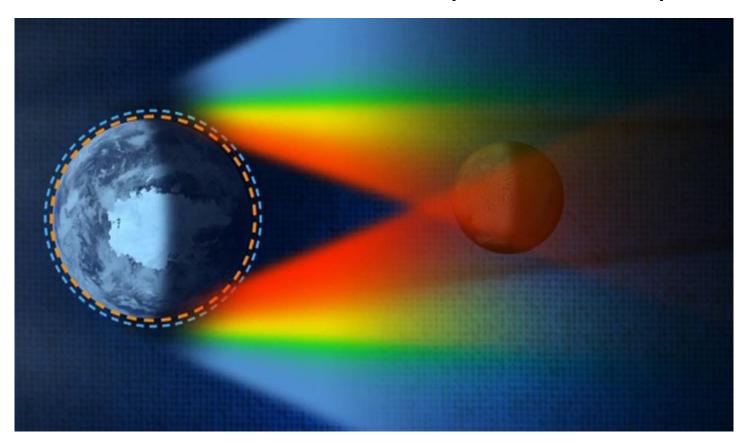
My NASA Data - Mini Lesson/Activity

What is the Difference between a Solar Eclipse and a Lunar Eclipse?



Student Directions

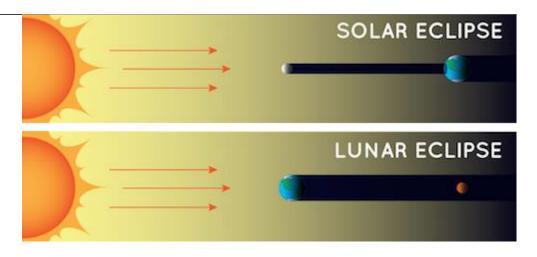
Remember to never look directly at the Sun without proper safety equipment.

An **eclipse** happens when a planet or a moon gets in the way of the Sun's light. Here on Earth, we can experience two kinds of eclipses: **solar eclipses** and **lunar eclipses**. A **solar eclipse** occurs when the Moon passes between the Sun and Earth, causing the Moon to cast a shadow on Earth. A **lunar eclipse** occurs when Earth is between the Sun and the Moon, causing Earth to cast a shadow on the Moon.

Check with your instructor on how to submit answers. There are optional student sheets available as a <u>Google Doc</u> or a <u>PDF</u>.

Steps:

1. Examine the diagrams. One shows a solar eclipse. The other shows a lunar eclipse. Answer



Solar and Lunar eclipse diagrams, Diagrams not to scale, https://mynasadata.larc.nasa.gov/s the foliable foliab

- 1. What are the similarities between these two types of eclipses?
- 2. What are the differences between these two types of eclipses?
- 3. Which object casts a bigger shadow, Earth or the Moon?
- 4. Which eclipse can more people on Earth experience at the same time? Support your claim with evidence and reasoning.

2. Predict:

1. Which image is of a solar eclipse taken from Earth? Which image is of a lunar eclipse taken from Earth?





Credit: NASA/MSFC/Joseph Matus

Credit: NASA SpacePlace

One image is a solar eclipse. The other is a lunar eclipse., https://mynasadata.larc.nas a.gov/sites/default/files/inline-images/eclipse%20images.png, Credits: NASA/MSFC/Joseph Matus and NASA SpacePlace

3. Why does the Moon look the way it does during a lunar eclipse? Watch the NASA | Lunar Eclipse Essentials video and answer the following questions:

NASA | Lunar Eclipse Essentials | Video Length 1:47 | https://www.novo.ubeobsen/waiiohs/velounbeactifilesgé.

1. ??Why does the Moon appear red during a lunar eclipse?



Still image from the video showing how Earth's atmosphere scatters sunlight during a lunar eclipse. Credit: NASA Goddard Space Flight Center/Scientific Visualization Studio

*This image is not to scale.

https://mynasadata.larc.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/inline-images/solar%20and%20lunar%20eclipses.png

4. During a total solar eclipse, the disk of the Moon blocks out the bright light of the **photosphere**. This exposes the Sun's atmosphere, or the **corona**. The corona can only seen during a total solar eclipse, or using special equipment, like NASA has.

Examine the <u>Mind-Melting Facts about the Sun</u> graphic and text found on the webpage and answer the following questions.

2. What is another example of sunlight being scattered by Earth's atmosphere?



images/mm_fats_infographic_w_nasa_id.jpg, Credit NASA, https://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/sunearth/the-heliopedia

- 1. Which layer of the Sun is normally visible on a bright, sunny day?
- 2. Why are scientists so interested in viewing the corona -What is the "Puzzle of Coronal Heating"?
- 5. Model: What objects could you use to model a solar eclipse and a lunar eclipse? Draw your plans for each model.

This product is supported by the NASA Heliophysics Education Activation Team (NASA HEAT), part of NASA's Science Activation portfolio.

Sources:

- 1. *Home*. (n.d.). YouTube. Retrieved April 2, 2023, from https://spaceplace.nasa.gov/eclipses/en/
- 2. *GMS: Lunar Eclipse Essentials*. (2011, June 8). NASA Scientific Visualization Studio. Retrieved March 2, 2023, from https://svs.gsfc.nasa.gov/10787
- 3. *NASA Heliopedia*. (2022, September 6). Retrieved March 14, 2023, from https://www.nasa.gov/mission_pages/sunearth/the-heliopedia

Teachers, these mini lessons/student activities are perfect "warm up" tasks that can be used as a hook, bell ringer, exit slip, etc. They take less than a class period to complete. Learn more on the "My NASA Data What are Mini Lessons?" page.

Teachers who are interested in receiving the answer key, please complete the <u>Teacher Key Request</u> and <u>Verification Form</u>. We verify that requestors are teachers prior to sending access to the answer keys as we've had many students try to pass as teachers to gain access.